



Pathways to Write

**EYFS Cycle A Overview:
3- and 4-year-olds and children in Reception**

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Development Matters July 2021:

Development Matters sets out the pathways of children's development in broad ages and stages. However, the actual learning of young children is not so neat and orderly. The main purpose of these pathways is therefore to help you assess each child's level of development. Accurate assessment helps practitioners to make informed decisions about what a child needs to learn and be able to do next. The document is not a tick list for generating lots of data.

Texts	Outcomes	Communication and Language	Reading	Writing
Autumn 1 <i>The Gingerbread Man</i> by Mara Alperin	To use story images to join in with key events and phrases in a re-telling of the story – some pupils may choose to draw/mark make some of the story	3- and 4-year-olds Know many rhymes Use a wider range of vocabulary Can start a conversation with an adult or a friend	3- and 4-year-olds Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - print can have different purposes - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a book - page sequencing	3- and 4-year-olds Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing
	To depict the main events of the story using between 3 and 5 images – pupils to mark make next to each image explaining what is happening	Children in reception Engage in storytimes Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important Learn new vocabulary Develop social phrases Engage in non-fiction books Listen carefully to rhymes paying attention to how they sound	Children in reception Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter– sound correspondences	Children in reception Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s Form lower-case letters correctly
Autumn 2 <i>Someone Just Like Yu</i> by Helen Docherty	To draw a self-portrait and to say /draw some additional information such as some things that make them happy.	3- and 4-year-olds Enjoy listening to longer stories Use longer sentences of four to six words Know many rhymes Use a wider range of vocabulary Can start a conversation with an adult or a friend	3- and 4-year-olds Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - print can have different purposes - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a book - page sequencing	3- and 4-year-olds Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing
	To label a picture and to write a simple caption.	Children in reception Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important Learn new vocabulary Engage in storytimes Engage in non-fiction books.	Children in reception Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter– sound correspondences Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme	Children in reception Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s Form lower-case letters correctly Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense

Texts	Outcomes	Communication and Language	Reading	Writing
Spring 1 <i>Naughty Bus by Jan Oke</i>	To draw/make a bus and be able to talk about where the Naughty Bus went	3- and 4-year-olds Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books Can start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns	3- and 4-year-olds Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - print can have different purposes - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a book - page sequencing	3- and 4-year-olds Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing Write some or all of their name
	To create a new journey for the Naughty Bus by creating a story map and writing captions/sentences describing the journey of the bus	Children in reception Use new vocabulary through the day Articulate their ideas and thoughts Describe events in some detail Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary	Children in reception Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter– sound correspondences Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter– sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words Read a few common exception words matched to the school’s phonic programme	Children in reception
Spring 2 <i>Sunny and the Birds by Wendy Meddour</i>	To make a ‘new home’ card for Sunny and Dad	3- and 4-year-olds Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens Develop their communication (irregular tenses and plurals) Sing a large repertoire of songs (check unit for opportunities)	3- and 4-year-olds Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: - spot and suggest rhymes - count or clap syllables in a word - recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother	3- and 4-year-olds Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing Write some or all of their name
	To retell/rewrite the story	Children in reception Use new vocabulary through the day Articulate their ideas and thoughts Describe events in some detail Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives Learn rhymes, poems and songs	Children in reception Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter– sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them Read a few common exception words matched to the school’s phonic programme	Children in reception Form lower-case and some capital letters correctly Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense

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Summer 1 <i>The Whale who wanted more by Rachel Bright</i>	To draw/paint/make a fish individually or in a small group. To be able to contribute orally to a short story about their fish	3- and 4-year-olds Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story Understand 'why' questions Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions Understand a question or instruction that has two parts Use talk to organise themselves and their play	3- and 4-year-olds Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: - spot and suggest rhymes - count or clap syllables in a word - recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary	3- and 4-year-olds Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing Write some letters accurately
	To rewrite the story	Children in reception Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences Use new vocabulary in different contexts Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities Explain how things work and why they might happen Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition	Children in reception Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter– sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme	Children in reception Form lower-case and capital letters correctly Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense
Summer 2 <i>Supertato by Sue Hendra</i>	To sequence images depicting key events in the story and use the images to retell the basic storyline	3- and 4-year-olds Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story Understand 'why' questions Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions Understand a question or instruction that has two parts Use talk to organise themselves and their play	3- and 4-year-olds Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: - spot and suggest rhymes - count or clap syllables in a word - recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary	3- and 4-year-olds Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing Write some letters accurately
	To rewrite the story	Children in reception Use new vocabulary in different contexts Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words	Children in reception Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter– sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme	Children in reception Form lower-case and capital letters correctly Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letters Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense